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جهود العلماء الإندونيسيين في ترجمة ألفاظ القرآن الكريم (الدراسة التحليلية لترجمة معانى الألفاظ العلمية الكونية القرآنية في إندونيسيا، قضايا وحلول (الدراسة التحليلية لترجمة معانى الألفاظ العلمية الكونية القرآنية في إندونيسيا، قضايا وحلول (الدراسة التحليلية لترجمة معانى الألفاظ العلمية الكونية القرآنية في التحليلية لترجمة معانى الألفاظ العلمية التحليلية ا

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Abstract

The article aims at evaluating of grammar book designed by the author from some experts. Experts' appraisals were needed to judge whether Textual Enhancement model designed for teaching grammar at LAIN Bukittinggi was valid or not. In this model, the researcher designed grammar lesson of complex sentences under the model of textual enhancement. She made salient grammar features taught by giving boldfaces and colors in every appearance of complex sentences within the texts in order to draw students' attention to notice it. The study is mixed methods of quantitative and qualitative. Questionnaire and interview were used to collect data of expert judgments on the model developed (grammar book). There are five experts involved in this research who evaluate the book with impressionistic method which includes language, content and organization. The finding reveals that textual enhancement grammar book is valid and reliable. It can be used after being revised in the aspect of language with some grammar and spelling errors, in the aspect of content to suit with native culture, and organization, to consider the attractive sense.

Keywords: expert appraisal; textual enhancement; grammar books; teaching grammar

Abstrak

Artikel ini bertujuan untuk mengevaluasi buku Grammar yang dirancang oleh Penulis sendiri dari beberapa orang pakar. Penilaian pakar sangat dibutuhkan untuk melihat validitas dan reliabilitas buku model yang dikembangkan sebelum diterapkan dalam pengajaran Grammar di Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris IAIN Bukuttinggi. Dalam model ini, penulis merancang pelajaran Grammar dengan topik *Complex Sentences* dengan penguatan teks di bawah tema-tema Islam dengan memberikan cetak tebal dan pewarnaan pada fitur Grammar yang diajarkan untuk menarik perhatian mahasiswa memikirkannya. Jenis penelitian ini adalah penelitian campuran kuantitatif dan kualitatif. Angket dan wawancara digunakan untuk mengumpulkan data terkait penilaian pakar terhadap buku yang dirancang. Ada lima pakar yang terlibat yang menilai aspek bahasa, isi, organisasi buku. Temuan menunjukkan buku grammar yang dirancang memenuhi kriteria valid dan reliable. Buku dapat digunakan setelah direvisi pada beberapa aspek kesalahan grammar dan ejaan, aspek isi untuk mencocokkan dengan budaya asli (arab) dan aspek oragnisasi buku untuk memperhatikan daya tarik buku.

Kata Kunci: Penilai ahli, buku grammar, penguatan teks Islami

Introduction

Teaching material is one of the important factors determining the triumph in the learning process. Based on that, it is prominent for teachers to examine the

teaching material used in the classroom since it decides the core of instruction, what and how to learn (Skierso, 1991 and Widodo, 2006). Tolk (2010) adds English material also affects students' attitude towards language learning



and influence their performance in the classrooms. Then, users (of the textbook) in this case teacher and students highly appreciate if teaching material used in the classroom and or released to public passes the standard of validity and reliability. These standards are generally in terms of content, language and organization. And so is the grammar book designed by the researcher under textual enhancement model needs to pass validity and reliability tests before being implemented in the classroom.

evaluating material Moreover, for language teaching has been suggested many experts. McGrath (2002) for instance stresses the importance of analyzing and selecting material for teaching (textbook) by proposing some techniques. The prominent one is the teacher must conduct a first glance evaluation before proceeding to more detailed evaluation. This is very useful to eliminate unsuitable material before being implemented in the classroom. This way is called impressionistic in order to get general picture about certain book. In this study, the researcher invites experts to appraise the grammar book that she designed.

The textual Enhancement grammar book refers to the concept from Sharwood-Smith and Truscott (2014) about input enhancement, in this case written form or text works well to attract students' attention to grammar features taught. They agree that textual input enhancement is useful to raise students' attention to linguistic forms by rendering input perceptually more salient by highlighting certain aspects of input by means of various typographic devices, such as bolding, underlining, and italicizing in written input, or acoustic devices such as added stress or repetition in oral input. By modifying the input, students will be able to notice it easily. The input is transferred into intake and output eventually.

The researcher focuses on complex sentences taught to the third semester English students at IAIN Bukittinggi who are demanded to comprehend the complex sentences with noun clauses, adjective clauses and adverb clauses as the dependent clauses and to apply them in writing and speaking. The use of complex sentence in English written and spoken productions still becomes problematic for students even though they have learned grammar for long periods. It could be seen in their errors using appropriate conjunction, pronoun and other dependent markers during learning process. Considering this state, the researcher realizes many factors affecting it like teaching method, media, teacher' role, students' readiness, teaching material and so forth.

One of the factors which previously teaching material. used of it in the grammar commonly classroom is discreet grammar textbook which presents the formula and then exercise. The book is designed under conventional model like Presentation Practice Production Model or PPP Model (Nassaji & Fotos: 2011:4) and Harmer (2003). In the presentation stage, the new grammar rule or structure is introduced, usually the structure. through presentation is followed by a practice stage, in which students are given various kinds of written and spoken exercises to repeat, manipulate or reproduce the new forms. Finally, in the production stage, students are encouraged to use the rules they have learned in the presentation and practice stages more freely and in more communicative activities.

The example of the textbook under the model of PPP is Understanding Grammar By Azar (2002). This book is good in drilling the patterns for students. They are trained through several exercises in order to make them memorize forms. However, this book is not really successful to make students able transfer their declarative knowledge into procedural



knowledge like expressing their ideas inaccurate forms when telling their experience. Using merely simple sentences while speaking or writing was also errors committed by students as it is regarded as choppy sentences. In short, the use of complex sentences is really indispensable and unavoidable in communication.

Based on this condition, it needs to study more what grammar material is relevant for Islamic institution students of English departmenti. The researcher designed a grammar book which is assumed good at helping students apply their knowledge of grammar into communicative use (procedural knowledge). She applied input enhancement in the texts with Islamic-themes containing grammar features of complex sentences. She made salient of the text by giving coloring and boldfacing in order to draw students' attention to notice and think it. Prior to using the grammar book which has been designed, the researcher asks for judgments from the experts about the book. Hence, that is the meaning of expert appraisal on textual enhancement grammar book.

The book was designed under the model of concept attainment. It goes with cognitive persepective which concerned with the ability of the learner to observe, organize data, understand information, form concepts, employ verbal and nonverbal symbols and solve problems. The primary purposes of this model are the mastery of methods of inquiry, the mastery of academic concepts and facts and the development of general intellectual skills such as the ability to reason and think more logically.

In concept attainment model, the concept is simply of a set of things that have something in common. Each concept has a set of elements which are name, attributes, examples, and definition. All of these elements need to be correctly identified and learned if the concept wants to be attained. Elements of

concept are defined as following: name is the term given to target grammar structure, sentence structure. Attribute is characteristic of each typical sentence structure highlighted in the form of instruction given and definition is the understanding to classify each type of sentence structure.

Moreover, this textual enhancement model is supported by its components of syntax, of the social system, of principles of reaction and effects of the model as proposed by Joyce and Weil (2009:117-122) and Rusman (2013:136). The first is the syntax or the procedure of textual enhancement model which be;gins with the presentation of all the instances representing the various combinations of attributes of a concept. The teacher begins by showing them an instance that illustrates the concept (a positive The students' task is to select example). example from those presented to them, test them one at a time against the first positive example and label them as positive or negative examples of the concept in the teachers' mind. The students may select the examples in any order they choose but one at a time. The students thus generate hypotheses, test them and arrive at the definition of the concept.

In phase two, the teacher presents unlabeled examples. The students identify them as positive or negative. The teacher asks for reasons and confirms their hypothesis. When she knows that the students have attained the concept, she names the concept. She does not ask the students to name it because they are not familiar with the name of the concept. Only when the students have already attained the concept and the teacher uses the model for concept clarification she may ask the students to name the concept. To test the attainment of the concept further, the teacher asks them to generate examples and label them as positive and negative instances of the concept.



In the third phase of the model, the teacher analyses the thinking strategies employed by the students. The students report their pattern of hypothesizing, whether they focused on attributes or concepts, whether they did so one at a time or several at once, and how they changed their hypotheses when it was not confirmed

The second is the social system of the textual enhancement model which has a moderate structure. The teacher assumes a major role initially in choosing the concept, selecting and organising or sequencing data. The teacher controls action but with subsequent phases student interaction is encouraged. In the selection oriented model it is relatively structured with students assuming more initiative for inductive process.

The third is the principle of reaction of this model emphasises teacher's support during the flow of the lesson with due regard to hypothetical nature of discussion. Students should be helped in creating a dialogue in which students test their hypotheses against each other. The teacher should focus students' attention on specific features of examples and finally assist the students in discussing and evaluating their thinking strategies. The teacher should encourage analysis of the merits of various strategies rather than attempting to seek the one best strategy for all students in all situations.

The forth is the support system describes the supporting condition required to implement the model. Support in this case is additional requirements other than the usual human skills, capacities and technical facilities. The support systems under selection strategy (CAM) model are well organised reference material and students' readiness in reading are the most essential support required for this model. Carefully selected and organised materials and data in the form of integrated units easily serve as examples.

The last is effect of the model. It results in two types, the intsructional and the nurturant effect. The instructional effect is a direct effect of the model which results from the content and skills on which the activities are based, while the nurturant effect is one that is implicit in the learning environment and it is indirect effect of the model. The textual enhancement model accomplishes several instructional goals depending on the particular emphasis of the Understanding the nature of concepts, specific concepts, improved concept building strategies and inductive reasoning ability erc. are the instructional effects of the model. The nurturant effects come from experiencing the environment created by the model. These effects are sensitivity to logical reasoning in communication. tolerance of ambiguity (but appreciation of logic) and awareness of alternative perspectives.

This research belongs to mix methods of quantitative and qualitative ones. She used questionnaire and interview to collect data research about evaluation of textbook. Among three types of textbook evaluation, predictive, in-use and retrospective, this study belongs to pre-use evaluation or predictive. It is designed the future or potential examine performance of a textbook (Cunningsworth, 1995). He said that it is the most difficult kind of evaluation because there is no actual experience of using the book to draw on. In this case, the researcher designed a grammar book under the model of textual enhancement model. The book meant consists of four chapters written by Veni Roza in 2017 with the ISBN of 978-602-6377-14-2 accompanied with lesson plan, answer keys for each task and suggested activities.

In order to get the judgments, the researcher invites five experts to assess three components; organization, language and content. Here are the names of expert:



Table 1. Names of Expert

Names	Evenoution	Aspect	Code
Inames	Expertise	validated	(expert)
Prof. Dr.	Grammar	Grammar	E1
Jufrizal,		Content	
M.Hum			
Dr. Nunu	Religion	Islamic text	E2
Burahnuddin,			
M.Ag			
Dr. Leli	Grammar	Teaching	E3
Refnita,	Teaching	organization	
M.Pd			
Dr. Afdaleni,	Learning	Language	E4
M.Pd	strategies	Skill and	
		component	
Dr.	Education	Book	E5
Darmansyah,	Technology	Design	
M.T			

Based on Table 1, there are five experts who have different expertise. They gave comments intensively for part they were master there. For instance, E1, E3, E4 validated grammar and content of grammar which exist in the book. E2 judged the Islamtheme texts used in textual enhancement model. E5 assessed the performance of the book seen from design and organization of the book. However, they also didn't mind filling the comments for other parts since the researcher provided questionnaire as a whole, language, content and organization as shown in the following rubric:

Table 2 Rubric of Questionnaire

Indicators	Item no	Amount of Item
Organization	1-6	6
Language	7-12	6
Content	13-16	4
Total		18

Moreover, to analyze data of textual enhancement grammar book, the researcher applied impressionistic method (McGrath, 2002). It refers to achieve general impression of the materials in the textbook. To get this picture, the researcher used the checklist to the indicators of quality of presentation, dimension of language, essential content. To -analyze quantitative data obtained from questionnaires (using Likert scale 5-1), the researcher used SPSS20 software. Prior to analyzing the, the researcher tabulated all questionnaire results and put them in the -system. Seeking the validity and reliability, she used manual and by SPSS software. Moreover, deepen researcher's analysis, interviewed those experts sequentially in the form of semi structure interview.

Findings and Discussion

finding The reveals that expert appraisals on the textual enhancement grammar book were (1) valid in terms of organization, language and content proved by the mean score of 3.85 or 77 remarking valid and (2) reliable with the score of Cronbach's Alpha, .739 meaning high. This impression is obtained based on the questionnaire and interview results.

Validity

There are three aspects of validity investigated in this research. They are valid in terms of book organization, language, and content.

Aspect of Organization:

Textual enhancement grammar book met the criteria valid in form of organization of the book. The experts responded positive to the way the book is organized. This aspect was judged from the classification of content, the sense of attractiveness, the numbering technique, the lay out and the size. Here is the result of questionnaire:

Table 3 Result of Organization Aspect

N o	Indicators			oro con per	1		Me an scor e	Criteria
		E 1		E 3	4	5		
1	The classificati on of the content is clear.	4	4	4	5	5	4.4	Very Valid
2	There is sense of attractiven ess.	3	4	3	4	4	3.6	Valid
3	The numbering techniques are clear.	4	4	4	5	4	4.2	Very Valid
4	There is conformit y between text and illustration .	4	4	4	5	4	4.2	Very Valid
5	Layout is good.	3	4	3	4	4	3.6	Valid
6	The book's size is appropriat e with the students' condition.	4	4	4	4	4	4	Valid
	Total						4.0	Valid

Note: 0-1 means invalid, 1.1-2 means less valid; 2.1—3 means fair; 3.1-4 valid, 4.1-5: very valid

According to the experts, the strength of the book is that the researcher organizes the book systematically. In Unit 1, the researcher begins the discussion of complex sentences by presenting the types of sentences, simple,

compound and complex sentences under the theme of Nature of Religion. The reason for the researcher initially presents these sentence types is in order to give a road map of grammar lessons. The simple sentence consists of one main idea, the compound sentence combines two independent clauses connected by coordinative conjunction, and complex sentence joins one independent clause and one dependent clause like adverb, noun and adjective clauses. Next unit, the theme of the Birth of Islam texts accompanies the discussion adverb clauses as dependent clause of complex sentences. This unit is divided into adverb clauses of time and reason, adverb clauses of contrast and purpose, and reduction of adverbial clauses. Unit 3 discusses noun clause under the textual enhancement theme of Five Pillar of Islam. This unit is divided into noun clause derived from statement, embedded questions, yes-no question and wh-question and noun clause reduction. The last unit presents the adjective clause under the theme of enhancement of Islam and Issues of Modern World. Unit 4 is divided into adjective clause with subject replacement, adjective clause with object replacement, adjective clause with possession, time and replacements, and reduced adjective clauses.

Suggestions left by experts in the questionnaire were to increase the sense of attractiveness of the book by adding pictures and good lay out (E5). It was supported by the interview result that the expert suggested to improve the quality of presentation since the book has been already well organized from the easier and simpler material to more complex and difficult one as explained in the previous paragraphs. The texts should be put in the box with enjoyable setting for eyes to read (E5). Here are screenshot examples of the book:



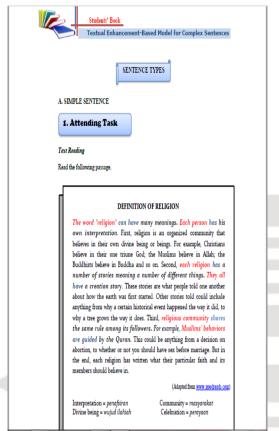


Figure 1 Simple Sentence

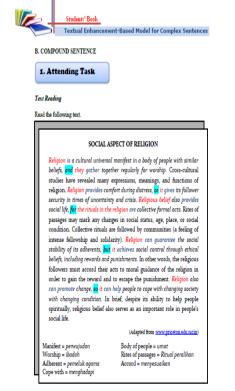


Figure 2 Compound Sentence

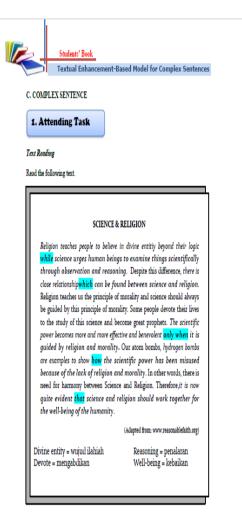


Figure 3 Complex Sentence

Aspect of Language:

Textual enhancement grammar book met the criteria very valid in term of language of the book. The experts appraised positively language being used in the book. This aspectwas assessed from the form, meaning and use of language. Here is the result of questionnaire:

Table 4 Result of Language Aspect

N o	Indicators	9		res xpe		m	Mea n	Criteri a
		Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	scor	
		1	2	3	4	5	e	
7	The	4	5	4	5	5	4.8	Very
	language							Valid
	used is							
	grammatica							
	lly correct.							
8	There is	4	5	4	4	5	4.4	Very
	appropriate							Valid

	ness of the language and students' developme							
	nt.							
9	The language motivates students to read.	4	5	4	4	5	4.4	Very Valid
10	The language used is simple.	4	5	5	4	5	4.8	Very Valid
11	The direction is clear.	4	5	5	4	5	4.8	Very Valid
12	The language used is communica tive.	5	5	5	5	5	5	Very Valid
	Total						4.7	Very

Note: 0-1 means invalid, 1.1-2 means less valid; 2.1—3 means fair; 3.1-4 valid, 4.1-5: very valid

Based on the result of interview, the experts suggested some grammatical errors in subject-verb agreement, the missing of be in of passive voice, choice of words and misspelling (E1, E3, and E5). After that, the researcher revised the grammar book as suggested by the experts before implementing it in the classroom.

Aspect of Content:

Textual enhancement grammar book fulfilled the criteria very valid in term of content of the book. The experts' responses in the questionnaire revealed good impression to the grammar materials existing in the book. This aspect was examined from the grammar features of complex sentences viewed from accurateness, meaningfulness and usefulness viewed both from grammar field and Islam rules for the texts used. Here is the result of questionnaire:

	Table 5 Ro	esu	lt c	of (Cor	iter	nt Aspe	ct
N	Indicators		co				Mea	Criteri
0			\mathbf{E}	хре	erts		n	a
		\mathbf{E}	E	\mathbf{E}	E	E	scor	
		1		3		5	e	
1	The content	5	5	5	4	4	4.6	Very
	about							Valid
	complex							
	sentences is							
	accurate.							
14	The content	4	5	4	4	4	4.2	Very
	(complex							Valid
	sentences) is							
	beneficial							
	for students.							
15	The content	4	4	4	4	4	4	Valid
	is classified							
	into logical							
	arrangement							
16	There is	4	4	4	4	4	4	Valid
	conformity							
	of content							
	with the							
	curriculum.							
	Total						4.2	Very
								Valid

Note: 0-1 means invalid, 1.1-2 means less valid; 2.1—3 means fair; 3.1-4 valid, 4.1-5: very valid

The strength of the content of the grammar book of textual enhancement model is based on the theories of Ellis (2009) that grammar teaching sequence begins with attending task, noticing task, analyzing task, checking task and production task. In attending task, students read carefully the text which is already enhanced for grammar feature taught. In noticing task, teacher gets students to notice the text, what something different in the text is, and what the pattern is. So, students try to discover the rules from noticing the text. In analyzing task, students analyze another text which is not enhanced but they will enhance the grammar features learned there. This task is a crucial step where students examine, identify and find the rules of English rules from the text. Checking task is a step where students confirm their understanding how the grammar feature works. Here the students do exercise of grammar rules related grammar feature taught.



At last, production task is a step for providing students with considerable in-class opportunities for speaking and writing. So, the production task functions as a way to see learning successful or not.

The content or material of the book is easy to understand since students have background knowledge on it and grammar feature is presented in the context. In short, the content of the book is pictured out by the following tables:

Table 6 Content of the Unit 1

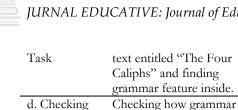
N o	Unit 1	Nature of Religion "Sentence Types"
1.	Lesson 1	Simple sentence
	a.	Reading enhanced text entitled
	Attending	"Definition of Religion".
	Task	
	b. Noticing	Noticing grammar feature
	Task	inside the text.
	c.	Analyzing unenhanced text
	Analyzing	entitled "What is Religion" and
	Task	finding grammar feature inside.
	d.	Checking how grammar feature
	Checking	works
	Task	
	e.	Producing short paragraph
	Production	about the nature of religion
	Task	employing simple sentences.
2.	Lesson 2	Compound Sentences
	a.	Reading enhanced text entitled
	Attending	"Social Aspect of Religion".
	Task	
	b. Noticing	Noticing grammar feature
	Task	inside the text.
	C.	Analyzing unenhanced text
	Analyzing	entitled "Religion and Society"
	Task	and finding grammar feature
		inside.
	d.	Checking how grammar feature
	Checking	works.
	Task	
	e.	Producing short paragraph
	Production	about religion and society
	Task	employing compound
	T 2	sentences.
3.	Lesson 3	Overview of Complex
		Sentences
	a.	Reading enhanced text entitled
	Attending	"Science and Religion".
	Task	Nation - some C
	b. Noticing	Noticing grammar feature
	Task	inside the text.
	C.	Analyzing unenhanced text
	Analyzing	entitled "God and Science" and

Task	finding grammar feature inside.
d.	Checking how grammar feature
Checking	works.
Task	
e.	Producing short paragraph
Production	about religion and science
Task	employing complex sentences.

Unit 1 entitled "The Nature of Religion" consists of three lessons as shown in Table 6. Sentence types are categorized into simple, compound and complex sentences. These lessons are presented in the five procedures; attending task where students read texts carefully and pay attention to the salient parts in the texts; noticing task where students are invited to observe the noticeable texts: analyzing task where students analyze another text which is not enhanced and discover the rules by themselves; checking task where students check their understanding enhancing another text; and production task where students produce their owns text applying the rules in their sentences or paragraphs.

Table 7 Content of the Unit 2

N	Unit 2	The Birth of Islam "Adverb
0		Clause"
1.	Lesson 4	Adverb Clause of Time and
		Reason.
	a. Attending	Reading enhanced text
	Task	entitled "Arabia before
		Islam".
	b. Noticing	Noticing grammar feature
	Task	inside the text.
	c. Analyzing	Analyzing unenhanced text
	Task	about the birth of Islam and
		finding grammar feature
		inside.
	d. Checking	Checking how grammar
	Task	feature works.
	e. Production	Producing short paragraph
	Task	about the birth of Islam
		employing adverb clause of
		time and reason.
2.	Lesson 5	Adverb Clause of Contrast
		and Purpose.
	a. Attending	Reading enhanced text
	Task	entitled "Islam at the Time of
		the Prophet".
	b. Noticing	Noticing grammar feature
	Task	inside the text.
	c. Analyzing	Analyzing text unenhanced



Task

feature works.

	e. Production	Producing short paragraph
	Task	about Islam at the time of
		prophet or four caliphs
		employing adverb clause of
		contrast and purpose.
3.	Lesson 6	Reduction of Adverb Clause.
	a. Attending	Reading enhanced text
	Task	entitled "Umayyad
		Caliphate".
	b. Noticing	Noticing grammar feature
	Task	inside the text.
	c. Analyzing	Analyzing text unenhanced
	Task	text entitled "Abbasid
		Caliphate" and finding
		grammar feature inside.
	d. Checking	Checking how grammar
	Task	feature works.
	e. Production	Producing short paragraph
	Task	about Umayyad or Abbasid
		caliphates employing
		reduction of adverb clause.

Unit 2 consists of three lessons as shown in Table 7. The Birth of Islam theme accompanies the discussion adverb clause. There are five types of adverb clause discussed in the three lessons. The sequences are same as Unit 1; in attending task, teacher gets students to read texts carefully and to pay attention to the salient parts in the texts; in noticing task, teacher gets students to observe the noticeable texts; analyzing task where students analyze another text which is not discover enhanced and the rules themselves; checking task where students check their understanding by enhancing another text; and production task where students produce their owns text applying the rules in their sentences or paragraphs.

Table 8 Content of the Unit 3

N	Unit 3	Five Pillars of Islam "Noun
o		Clause"
1.	Lesson 7	Noun Clause derived from
		Statements.
	a. Attending	Reading enhanced text
	Task	entitled "Profession of Faith"
	b. Noticing	Noticing grammar feature
	Task	inside the text.

	c. Analyzing Task d. Checking Task e. Production Task	Analyzing unenhanced text Shahada and finding grammar feature inside. Checking how grammar feature works. Producing short paragraph about profession of faith employing noun clause from statements.
2.	Lesson 8	Noun Clause derived from Embedded Questions.
	a. Attending	Reading enhanced text
	Task	entitled "Prayer".
	b. Noticing	Noticing grammar feature
	Task	inside the text.
	c. Analyzing	Analyzing unenhanced text
	Task	entitled "Zakat" and finding
		grammar feature inside.
	d. Checking	Checking how grammar
	Task	feature works.
	To 1 '	
	e. Production	Producing short paragraph
	e. Production Task	Producing short paragraph about prayer or zakat
		about prayer or zakat
3.		about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from
3.	Task	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions.
3.	Task Lesson 9 a. Attending Task	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause.
3.	Task Lesson 9 a. Attending	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting". Noticing grammar feature
3.	Lesson 9 a. Attending Task b. Noticing Task	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting".
3.	Lesson 9 a. Attending Task b. Noticing	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting". Noticing grammar feature inside the text. Analyzing unenhanced text
3.	Lesson 9 a. Attending Task b. Noticing Task	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting". Noticing grammar feature inside the text. Analyzing unenhanced text entitled "Hajj" and finding
3.	Lesson 9 a. Attending Task b. Noticing Task c. Analyzing Task	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting". Noticing grammar feature inside the text. Analyzing unenhanced text entitled "Hajj" and finding grammar feature inside.
3.	Task Lesson 9 a. Attending Task b. Noticing Task c. Analyzing Task d. Checking	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting". Noticing grammar feature inside the text. Analyzing unenhanced text entitled "Hajj" and finding grammar feature inside. Checking how grammar
3.	Task Lesson 9 a. Attending Task b. Noticing Task c. Analyzing Task d. Checking Task	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting". Noticing grammar feature inside the text. Analyzing unenhanced text entitled "Hajj" and finding grammar feature inside. Checking how grammar feature works
3.	Lesson 9 a. Attending Task b. Noticing Task c. Analyzing Task d. Checking Task e. Production	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting". Noticing grammar feature inside the text. Analyzing unenhanced text entitled "Hajj" and finding grammar feature inside. Checking how grammar feature works Producing short paragraph
3.	Task Lesson 9 a. Attending Task b. Noticing Task c. Analyzing Task d. Checking Task	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting". Noticing grammar feature inside the text. Analyzing unenhanced text entitled "Hajj" and finding grammar feature inside. Checking how grammar feature works Producing short paragraph about fasting or hajj
3.	Lesson 9 a. Attending Task b. Noticing Task c. Analyzing Task d. Checking Task e. Production	about prayer or zakat employing noun clause from embedded questions. Reduction of Noun Clause. Reading enhanced text entitled "Fasting". Noticing grammar feature inside the text. Analyzing unenhanced text entitled "Hajj" and finding grammar feature inside. Checking how grammar feature works Producing short paragraph

Unit 3 consists of three lessons as shown in Table 8. Five pillars of Islam theme brings the formula of noun clauses inside. There are three types of noun clauses discussed, derived from statements, questions and reduction. To present the noun clause concepts, the procedure is also five. Attending the enhancing texts, noticing the enhanced texts, analyzing other texts and discover the rules, checking understanding by enhancing the other text and producing students' own text.



Table 9 Content of the Unit 4

No	Unit 4	Islam and Issues of Modern World "Adjective Clause"
1.	Lesson 10	
1.	Lesson 10	Adjective Clause with
	- A++ 1:	Subject Replacement.
	a. Attending	Reading enhanced text
	Task	entitled "Islam and
	1 NI T 1	Gender Equality".
	b. Noticing Task	Noticing grammar feature inside the text.
	c. Analyzing	Analyzing unenhanced
	Task	text entitled "Remarkable
		Women in Islam" and
		finding grammar feature
		inside.
	d. Checking	Checking how grammar
	Task	feature works.
	e. Production	Producing short
	Task	paragraph about Islam
		and gender equality
		employing adjective
		clauses with subject
		replacement.
2.	Lesson 11	Adjective Clause with
		Object Replacement.
	a. Attending	Reading enhanced text
	Task	entitled "Islam and
		Human Rights" and
		finding grammar feature
		inside.
	b. Noticing Task	Noticing grammar feature
		inside the text.
	c. Analyzing	Analyzing unenhanced
	Task	text entitled "Islam and
		Religious Freedom" and
		finding grammar feature inside.
	d. Checking	Checking how grammar
	Task	feature works.
	e. Production	Producing short
	Task	paragraph about Islam
		and human rights
		employing adjective
		clauses with object
	-	replacement.
3.	Lesson 12	Adjective Clause with
		Object Possession, Time
	A 1'	and Place.
	a. Attending Task	Reading enhanced text entitled "Islam and
	1 ask	Violence".
	b. Noticing Task	Noticing grammar feature
	2.1.0 Hellig 1 aux	inside the text.
	c. Analyzing	Analyzing unenhanced
	Task	text entitled "Muslims and
		Violence" and finding
		grammar feature inside.
	d. Checking	Checking how grammar
	Task	feature works.

	e. Production Task	Producing short paragraph about Islam and violence employing adjective clause with object possession, time and place.
4.	Lesson 13	Reduction of Adjective Clauses.
	a. Attending Task	Reading enhanced text entitled "Islam and the West 1".
	b. Noticing Task	Noticing grammar feature inside the text.
	c. Analyzing Task	Analyzing unenhanced text entitled "Islam and the West 2" and finding grammar feature inside.
		0
	d. Checking Task	Checking how grammar feature works.
	Task e. Production	feature works. Producing short paragraph about Islam and the west employing reduction of adjective

Unit 4 consists of four lessons as shown in Table 8. Islam and Issues of Modern World theme brings the formula of adjective clauses. There are four types of adjective discussed, namely adjective clause with subject replacement, adjective clause with object replacement, adjective clause with object possession, time and place, and reduction of adjective clause. To present this grammar concepts, the procedure is carried out five steps; attending the enhancing texts, noticing the enhanced texts, analyzing other texts and discover the rules, checking understanding by enhancing the other text and producing students' own text.

Furthermore, based on the interview result, the strength of the book is contextual and in line with students' background knowledge since they are Muslims and have studied religion for a long time. Textual

enhancement model goes with inductive method where students discover rules by themselves from language input given (texts, picture, or data). It is different from the conventional model of ppp model. Presentation, practice and production model stresses the deductive method which serves the formula since beginning and continued by exercises. This makes students fail to transfer knowledge grammar the of into communicative use.

Reliability Description

The reliability of the grammar book was sought by using SPSS20 Software. Among five experts that assess the book through 16 items in the questionnaire, one expert gave score ranging 4 which remarks reliable for book judgment. Here are the results of statistics:

Table 10 Validity of the Book

	Case Flocess	ing Summ	nary
		N	%
	Valid	16	88.9
Case	Excludeda	2	11.1
	Total	18	100.0

a. listwise deletion based on all variables in the procedure.

Table 11 Reliability of the Book Reliability Statistics

N of Items

./39				2							
Tab	le 12 In	tracla	ss Corr	elatio	n Co	effic	ient				
		(ICC) of the	Bool	ζ.						
	Intraclass Correlation Coefficient										
V	Intra	95%		F Te	st witl	ı Tru	ie				
	class	Conf	idence	Valu	e 0						
	corre	Inter	val								
	lation	Lo	Uppe	Val	Df	D	Sig				
	b	wer	r	ue	1	f					
		Во	Boun			2					
		un	d								
		d									
Sing	-	.14	.615	4.1	15	6	.000				
le	.345a	2		45		0					
Mea											
sure											
Ave	.725c	.45	.889	4.1	15	6	.000				
rage		3		45		0					
Mea											
sure											

Two-way mixed effects model where people effects are random and measures effects are fixed

Note (reliable): 0-3 means low, 3.1-6 means enough; 6.1—8 means high; 8.1-10 very high

Based on Table 12, experts have enough consistency in judging the textual enhancement grammar book in single measure and have high reliability in average measure. It means when the book is seen by one expert, the mark is enough reliable with the score 34.5%. Expert judges each item variously ranging from 3-5. Meanwhile in average measure, they have high consistency in judging the book given. It means almost all experts have the same perceptions about the book. It was obtained from the mean score in the ICC or intraclass correlation coefficient. In short, the grammar book designed by the researcher met the criteria reliable from the result of ICC analysis and valid viewed from the previous meanscore of validity test.

Conclusion

Referring to finding and discussion, it can be concluded that experts appraise positively textual enhancement grammar book which can be seen form the result of questionnaires and interview. It met the and reliable criteria valid in terms of organization, language and content. The suggestions coming from the experts were to improve the layout, revise some grammatical and spelling errors and improve attractive sense of the book. The experts recommend that the textual enhancement grammar book in learning grammar be used as a learning resource in grammar class of Institution.

Cronbach's Alpha

JUR

Appendices

Samples of Expert

Appraisal Questionnaire on textual Enhancement Model

Expert 2

Name of Validator : Dr. Num Burham Din L. MAg Institution : AHN Burgerings.

Assalamua'laikum Wr. Wb

Dear Sir/ Madame

On this occasion, the researcher would like to express her gratitude to the experts as the validators for giving aids to fill in this instrument validation to complete data for her research entitled "Developing Textual Enhancement-based Model of Grammar Instruction at IAIN Bukittinggi. The lecturers' book contains complex sentences designed based on textual enahcement-based insctruction. The validator may fill in the questionnaire by giving checklist ($\sqrt{}$) which represents your opinion regarding the lecturers' book and comment on the provided columns.

Guidelines:

- 1. Please fill in the identity form.
- 2. Give score this instrument in the column score based on your opinions.
 - 5 means Very Good;
 - 4 means Good;
 - 3 means Fair;
 - 2 means Bad;
 - 1 means Very Bad;
- At the end of these statements, please leave your comment for better improvement of instruments validity.
- At last but not the least, please circle one of the available scores for the lecturer's book validity.

		Scores						
No	Aspects	5	4	3	2	1		
Α.	Format							
	The classification of the content is clear.		V					
	The numbering techniques are clear.		~					
	 There is conformity between text and illustration. 		/					
	4. Layout is good.		~					
	The font size is appropriate with the standardized one.		\checkmark					
	The kind of the font is appropriate.		~					
В.	Language					Г		
	 The language used is grammatically correct. 	~						
	 There is appropriateness of the language used in the book with context. 	~						
	The language used texts is interesting.	$\overline{\ }$						
	10. The language used is simple.	~						
	11. The direction is clear.	V						
	12. The language used is communicative.							

c.	Content				
	13. The content about complex sentences is accurate.	\checkmark			
	14. The content is classified into logical arrangement.	V			
	 There is conformity of content with the curriculum. 		V		
	16. The content (complex sentences) is beneficial for lecturers.		V		



Suggestion and	Comment:				
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Note: (please circle)

A : very good a

B : good and u

: very good and usable with no revision on the score range (68-80)

: good and usable with little revision on the score range (55-67)

: fair and usabale with the medium level of revion on the score range

D : bad and unusable with many revisons on the score range (29-41)

E : very bad and unusable on the score range (16-28)

Padang, 2016

Validator

NIP. 1973/5/0 2000/2/002

Expert 3

Name of Validato Institution Position fly Reprin Bring Halton Unitedly

Assalamua'laikum Wr Wh

Dear Sir/ Madame

On this occasion, the researcher would like to express her gratitude to the experts as the validators for giving aids to fill in this instrument validation to complete data for her research entitled "Developing Textual Enhancement-based Model of Grammar Instruction at IAIN Bukittinggi. The lecturers' book contains complex sentences designed based on textual enahcement-based insctruction. The validator may fill in the questionnaire by giving checklist $(\sqrt{})$ which represents your opinion regarding the lecturers' book and comment on the provided columns.

Guidelines:

- 1. Please fill in the identity form.
- 2. Give score this instrument in the column score based on your opinions.
 - 5 means Very Good;
 - 4 means Good;
 - 3 means Fair;
 - 2 means Bad;
 - 1 means Very Bad;
- At the end of these statements, please leave your comment for better improvement of instruments validity.
- At last but not the least, please circle one of the available scores for the lecturer's book validity.

			Scores						
No		Aspects	5	4	3	2	1		
A.	Г	Format							
	1.	The classification of the content is clear.		V					
	2.	The numbering techniques are clear.			V				
	3.	There is conformity between text and illustration.		/					
	4.	Layout is good.		V					
	5.	The font size is appropriate with the standardized one.			~				
	6.	The kind of the font is appropriate.		V					
В.	T	Language							
	7.	The language used is grammatically correct.		~					
	8.	There is appropriateness of the language used in the book with context.		V					
	9.	The language used texts is interesting.		V					
	10.	The language used is simple.	V						
	11.	The direction is clear.	V						
	12.	The language used is communicative.	V						

C.	Content				
	The content about complex sentences accurate.	is 🗸			
	14. The content is classified into logic arrangement.	al	V		
	 There is conformity of content with the curriculum. 	ne	V		
	16. The content (complex sentences) beneficial for lecturers.	is	V		



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Note: (please circle)

A : very good and usable with no revision on the score range (68-80)

B : good and usable with little revision on the score range (55-67)

: fair and usable with the medium level of revion on the score range (42-54)

D : bad and unusable with many revisons on the score range (29-41)

E : very bad and unusable on the score range (16-28)

Padang, .../) - 9 - 2016 Validator

Jeguil A. tely Reform 4.P8. NIP. 4699151976022002

Expert 4

Name of Validator Institution Position Dr. Afeleni, M. Pa. M. Pd.

Assalamua'laikum Wr. Wb

Dear Sir/ Madame

On this occasion, the researcher would like to express her gratitude to the experts as the validators for giving aids to fill in this instrument validation to complete data for her research entitled "Developing Textual Enhancement-based Model of Grammar Instruction at IAIN Bukittinggi. The lecturers' book contains complex sentences designed based on textual enahcement-based insctruction. The validator may fill in the questionnaire by giving checklist ($\sqrt{1}$) which represents your opinion regarding the lecturers' book and comment on the provided columns.

Guidelines:

- Please fill in the identity form.
- 2. Give score this instrument in the column score based on your opinions.
 - 5 means Very Good;
 - 4 means Good;
 - 3 means Fair;
 - 2 means Bad; 1 means Very Bad;
- At the end of these statements, please leave your comment for bette improvement of instrument validity.
- At last but not the least, please circle one of the available scores for the lecturer's book validity.

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c.	Content				
	13. The content about complex sentences is accurate.	V			
	14. The content (complex sentences) is beneficial for students.		✓		
	15. The content is classified into logical arrangement.		V		
	16. There is conformity of content with the curriculum.		\checkmark		

Dr. Afdaleni, M. Pd. Ju gh



Su	ggestion and Comment:
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Note	: (please circle)
(A)	: very good and usable with no revision on the score range (68-80)
В	: good and usable with little revision on the score range (55-67)
C	: fair and usabale with the medium level of revion on the score range (42-54)
D	: bad and unusable with many revisons on the score range (29-41)
E	: very bad and unusable on the score range (16-28)
	Padang,/8 2016
	Validator .
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